# Practical Tips for Formators



# Know your room lighting

### Dark text -- light background in a light room

Light text – dark background – in a darker room

### **Font Colors**

 Be careful in choosing font color for projected presentations.

Red on blue or black – good on screen – annoying projected!

### **Font Size**

- Standard sizes
  - 44 for titles

32 for text—larger in a larger room

No smaller than 28 for projection

#### **Presentation**

Full text should not be on slides

Only use bullet points

Distribute notes sheets



### Wrap-up with questions

Add a slide with questions at intervals

• Give "think time"



Share with a partner

### QUESTIONS

- What background do you use in a light room?
- What background is best for a dark room?
- What color combinations should you avoid?
- What are the optimal font sizes?
- What are two tips for making the presentation?

## **Collaboration for Communication**



- Fraternities need good communication skills
- Collaborative learning helps adults
  - Learn material
  - Learn communication skills
  - Learn conflict management skills

### Instructor/Facilitator's Role

- Provide core material
- Guide learners to seek information
- Set the tone for discussions



### RESPECTFUL COMMUNICATION GUIDELINES

As presented by Fr. Eric Law at the 2007 Quinquennial

- R = Take RESPONSIBILITY for what you say and feel without blaming others
- **E = Use EMPATHETIC listening**
- **S** = Be SENSITIVE to differences in communication styles
- P = PONDER what you hear and feel before you speak
- **E = EXAMINE** your own assumptions and perceptions
- **C = Keep CONFIDENTIALITY**
- T =TRUST ambiguity because we are NOT here to debate who is right or wrong.



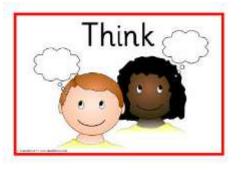
## Instructor/Facilitator Presents

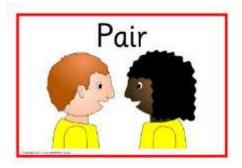
- Instructor presents material in small chunks
  - "Lecture", PowerPoint presentations, collaborative learning "structures".
- Provides materials for "pre-reading"
- Provides an audiotape focusing on particular aspects.
- Provides a videotape focusing on particular aspects.

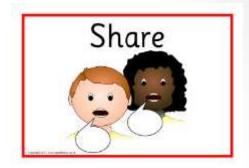
#### **Learners Present**

- Prepare an extract from an article or chapter.
- Prepare a presentation on a topic.
- Write a one page description of a situation from personal experience.
- Keep a personal journal that relates for the subject.

### **Think Pair Share**







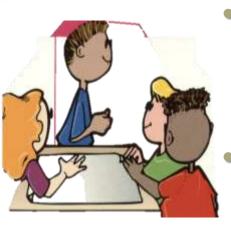
- Entire group given time to think about answers to a question or questions.
- Pair off
- Share response or opinion
- Some answers can be shared with large group
- Facilitator can expand the share into a large group discussion

### **Pair Read**

- Partners read a passage silently
- Take turns describing the content to each other
- They discuss the passage
- Partners should be able to answer questions about the passage
- This can be turned into a general discussion



### Jigsaw



- Work in teams of three or four
- Material to be learned is divided into as many sections as there are team members.
  - Members of the different teams who have the same section form "expert" groups and study together.
- "Expert" returns to his/her team and teaches that section to teammates.
- Entire group should be able to answer questions on all material.

### Analyze a Video



- Ask learners to jot down the <u>four</u> <u>most important points</u> that strike them as they watch the video
- In groups of two or three:
  - Discuss each person's four important points.
  - Choose the most representative three - six points to present to the whole group.
- Facilitator needs to link both video and responses to the point of the lesson!

### **Discussion: Using Mutual Invitation**

As presented by Fr. Eric Law at the 2007 Quinquennial

- The facilitator will share first.
- After he/she has spoken, he or she then invites another to share. (Does not need to be the person next to you.)
- After the next person has spoken, that person invites another to share.
- If you have something to say but are not ready yet, say "pass for now" and then invite another to share.
   You will be invited again later.
- If you don't want to say anything, simply say "pass" and proceed to invite another to share.
- We will do this until everyone has been invited.

### **Example of Mutual Invitation**

- Remind learners of <u>respectful communication</u>
- Choose a passage from scripture or from formation material.
- Participants will be invited to share their reflections.
- Invite participants to capture a word, phrase or image when listening to the passage the first time.
- Invite someone to read the passage.
- A moment of silence
- Using Mutual Invitation, invite each person to share his or her word, phrase or image briefly.

- Invite another person to read the passage again.
- This time, depending on the passage, ask another question.
  - "What does God invite you to do, be or change through this passage?" (For a scripture passage)
  - For a formation or continuing formation passage, you might ask: "How does this passage affect my commitment as a Secular Franciscan?"
- Give a moment of silence to reflect on the question.
- Using Mutual Invitation, invite each person to share his or her reflection.
- End the session with prayer



- What are some of the benefits of collaborative learning for fraternities and initial formation groups?
- What is the role of the facilitator?
- What are some ways he/she can present material?
- What are some ways learners can present material?
- Give some examples of collaborative learning structures.
- How might you use "Mutual Invitation" for a fraternity discussion or formation class?